Kidswell Bio (TYO: 4584)

Sales of biosimilar GBS-007 are strong. Also, first-generation SHED has advanced to just ahead of clinical research and development.

♦ Summary of 3Q results for FY2023/3

In the 3Q results for FY2023/3, Kidswell Bio's biosimilar (BS) business, including GBS-007, performed well, recording sales of 1.72bn yen. Following the completion of Master Cell Bank (MCB) for SHED (Stem cell from Human Exfoliated Deciduous teeth) in 2Q, joint research with academia is steadily progressing towards practical applications. MCB is a crucial technological development for the company's future business using SHED, and further acceleration of various development activities is expected. In 4Q, sales and R&D costs are expected to grow further, so the company has not changed its full-year forecast. However, there is likely to be an upward swing in profits (smaller losses).

The company's SHED business is progressing steadily. The fact that the first-generation SHED has progressed right up to clinical research and development (human administration) is worth significant attention. In the second generation SHED, the company plans to invest aggressively with a view to overseas development and expansion. From now on, financing for this will be on the agenda.

◇ A view on share price

The company's share price has adjusted sharply since the full-year results announcement for FY2022/3 in May 2022. Although recovering slightly in November 2022, it has yet to recover to its previous level. As a result, the shares' PBR remains at 5.22, below the three-year average (LTM) of 8.44x. In its new medium-term term strategic plan (KWB 2.0), the company plans to achieve sales of 3 billion yen and an operating profit of 1 billion yen in FY2025 by securing solid earnings from its BS business. At the same time, the company has stated its intention to accelerate business development with an eye on the global market through continued investment in SHED. As mentioned above, steady progress has been made in the first-generation SHED, with some products entering the clinical preparation stage. It will be interesting to see whether the share price will be revalued in light of this progress.

Results for 3Q FY2023/3: Steady growth in sales of BS GBS-007

The company's 3Q results for FY2023/3 showed sales of 1,726 million yen, an operating loss of 135 million yen and a net loss of 194 million yen. The company has shifted to non-consolidated reporting from the current term, so simple year-on-year comparisons are impossible (consolidated sales in 3Q FY2022/3 were 1,383 million). Still, profitability is steadily improving.

In terms of sales, the BS business, including the third BS product GBS-007, continued to perform well in 3Q. Although there were some timing delays in shipments of some products, progress was generally in line with plans. In 2Q, the company recorded sales from the completion of MCB and milestone revenues from the fourth BS product.

In terms of profit, the company recorded an operating profit of 11 million yen in 2Q, but this was the result of curbing R&D investment until the completion of the MCB, as noted in the previous year's report. In 3Q, the increase in research and development costs resulted in an operating loss for the nine months, as described above. The operating loss has improved YoY due to a review of investment priorities and ongoing cost reductions.

3Q results update

Healthcare

As of February 13, 2023

Share price(2/10)	¥280
52 weeks high/low	¥483/200
Avg Vol (3 month)	576.6 thou shrs
Market Cap	¥8.9 bn
Enterprise Value	¥9.5 bn
PER (23/3 CE)	- X
PBR (22/3 act)	5.74 X
Dividend Yield (23/3 CE)	-%
ROE (TTM)	-32.17 %
Operating margin (TTM)	-58.57 %
Beta (5Y Monthly)	1.13
Shares Outstanding	32.046 mn shrs
Listed market	TSE Growth

Share price performance



Points of interest

A drug discovery venture company originated from Hokkaido University. Leading and successful in biosimilars. Focuses on cell therapy (regenerative medicine) using Stem cell from Human Exfoliated Deciduous teeth (SHED) and the development of new biologics.

This report (Company note) has been prepared on behalf of Kidswell Bio. For more information, please refer to the Disclamer on the last page.

JPY, mn, %	Net sales	YoY	Oper.	YoY	Ord.	YoY	Profit	YoY	EPS
		%	profit	%	profit	%	ATOP	%	(¥)
2019/3	1,021	-3.6	-805	-	-816	-	-856	_	-43.84
2020/3	1,077	-	-1,161	-	-1,187	-	-7,316	-	-264.65
2021/3	996	-7.5	-969	-	-991	-	-1,001	_	-34.79
2022/3	1,569	57.7	-919	_	-952	_	-535	_	-17.35
2023/3 (CE)	2,900	_	-980	_	-999	_	-1,000	_	-31.80
2022/3 3Q [*]	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
2023/3 3Q	1,726	_	-135	_	-194	_	-194	_	-6.18

* The company's financial results are on a consolidated basis until FY2022/3; FY2023/3 is on a non-consolidated basis. Therefore, figures for the same period of the previous year and YoY comparisons are not shown.

Results for 3Q FY2023/3 (PL)

Subject FY2	Results for 3Q			Highlights		
	(Consolidated)	Result for 3Q	Year-on-year ratio	ingingins	Forecast	Progres rate
Gross sales	1,383,239	1,726,862	125%	Expanding the biosimilar sales led by sales growth of GBS-007. Recorded the sales related to completion of GMP-compliant SHED MCB.	2,900,000	60%
Cost of goods sold	458,501	654,042	143%	Although there is a delay of shipment of some products, the sales are	1,700,000	38%
(Cost of sales ratio)	33%	38%		generally in line with the original plan.	59%	
Gross profit	924,737	1,072,819	116%	Gross profit expansion due to strong sales in biosimilar business.	1,200,000	89%
Selling, general and administrative expe nses	1,357,696	1,208,342	89%	R&D is generally progressing, and most of development expenses are expected to be recorded in the 4Q FY 2022.	2,180,000	55%
(Cost of sales ratio)	98%	70%		 Continuously reducing the manufacturing cost of GBS-007. More investment in cell therapy business for development of SHED 	75%	
R&D expenses	770,421	579,055	75%		1,400,000	41%
(Cost of sales ratio)	56%	34%		 Increased payment of royalty due to strong sales in biosimilar business. 	48%	
Other expenses	587,275	629,287	107%	Continuously streamlining expenses.	780,000	81%
Operating loss	-432,958	-135,523		Good performance of biosimilar business such as strong sales of GBS- 007 Operating income improved due to prioritizing investments and continuous cost reduction.	-980,000	
Net loss	-460,046	-194,023			-999,000	
Net loss for the quarter	-94,401	-194,930		 This quarterly net income decreased due to recording the income from sale of investment securities as extraordinary income in the FY 2021 but is expected to improve significantly compared with the full-year forecast. 	-1,000,000	

Source: Company materials

As previously reported, a bank loan of 1 billion yen was taken out at the end of June to secure working capital in line with the increase in sales of GBS-007. As a result of the interest paid (23 million yen) and commission paid (30 million yen), which were recorded as non-operating expenses, recurring profit resulted in a loss of 194 million yen.

On the balance sheet, cash and deposits at the end of 3Q stood at 1.49 billion yen due to the execution of bank loans and the issue of the 4th unsecured convertible bond with acquisition rights. Meanwhile, the corresponding non-current liabilities increased to 1.70 billion yen. As a result, total assets at the end of 3Q stood at 4.17 billion yen, an increase of 0.70 billion yen from the end of FY2022/3.

Cell therapy business (regenerative medicine): various collaborations have progressed with completing the SHED MCB

*Progress in the pipeline: see the figure above on the next page for the company's cell therapy business pipeline.

In first-generation SHED, although the development status is at the non-clinical stage, collaboration with Nagoya University and other academia is progressing. In October 2022, the company filed a patent application jointly with Nagoya University for the treatment of cerebral palsy using SHED. On January 30, it was announced that the University's Certified Special Committee for Regenerative Medicine had deliberated on the clinical research plan "Clinical trial to examine the safety and tolerability of a single administration of autologous SHED for children with cerebral palsy", which was being carried out concerning this application, and that the committee had decided to continue the deliberations. This indicates progress in specific research results on first-generation SHEDs.

The development status of second-generation SHED is still in the research and exploratory phase, but the company continues to focus on it. As an example, in a joint research project with Hamamatsu University School of Medicine, it was confirmed that brain tumours disappeared after the administration of thymidine kinase-guided SHED. Second-generation SHED is positioned as a critical element in the company's future overseas expansion, and the company intends to continue to focus on this area.

Second generation SHED: an image of development process for 'designer cells'

Accelerating SHED modified by gene transfection and culture methods to enhance therapeutic efficacy

1st Generation SHED

Source: Company materials



Synergy effective gene transfection and culture modifications



2nd Generation SHED (Reinforced SHED)

-			• •			-	
Development Product	Target disease	Symptom	Existing Treatment	Development stage	Number of patients (Domestic) %2	Number of patients (Global) 2	Partners
(Pediatric disease Cerebral palsy	Quadriplegia and Posture disorder	None	Preparing for clinical research	2,000 patients per year, 30,000 patients in total	100,000 patients per year, 1.7 millions patients in total	Nagoya University, Tok Medical and Dental University
	Pediatric disease Congenital Isolated Hypoganglionosis	Intestinal obstruction	Enterectomy, colostomy	Preclinical	100 patients	_	Mochida Pharmaceutica
1st Generation	Incl. pediatric disease Spinal cord injury	Loss of motor function and sensation	None	Preclinical	5,000 patients per year, 100,000 patients in total	25,000 patients per year, 500,000 patients in total	Nagoya University
SHED	Ophthalmologic disease, etc.	% 1	※ 1	Preclinical	% 1	% 1	Gifu Pharmaceutical University
-	Non-union fractures	Chronic pain, gait disturbance	None	Research	100,000 patients per year	_	Hokkaido University
	Pediatric disease Cleft lip and palate	Eating and speech disorder	Lip arthroplasty + iliac bone graft	Research	2,000 patients per year	15 out of 10,000 newborns	ORTHOREBIRTH
	Brain cancer	Poor life prognosis	Surgery, radiation therapy, chemotherapy	Research	20,000 patients per year	830,000 patients in total	Hamamatsu University School of Medicine
SHED S	Incl. pediatric disease Spinal cord injury	Loss of motor function and sensation	None	Research	5,000 patients per year, 100,000 patients in total	25,000 patients per year, 500,000 patients in total	Nagoya University
	Neurodegenerativ e disease, etc.			Research target			
Other Modalities	Autoallergic disease, etc.			Research target			
	Exosomes and mitochondria, etc.			Research target			

Pipeline Highlights: Cell therapy business (Regenerative medicine)

Source: Company materials

%1: Non-disclosure, %2: Created by the Company based on publicly available information and related information

The company is looking at creating other modalities based on the MCB-based system S-Quatre[®] as the next step in second-generation SHED. It is already in ongoing discussions with many potential partners for the application of SHED as a raw material for other modalities.

Business development of S-Quatre®: an image of the application of S-Quatre® in other modalities

Creating other modalities using SHED as a raw material with partners



***** Biosimilars business: strong sales of GBS-007 and approval for additional indications

*Ranibizumab (GBS-007): on December 9, 2021, the third product in the BS business, ranibizumab BS, an anti-VEGF antibody drug for age-related macular degeneration, was launched by development partner Senju Pharmaceutical. As the first BS in the ophthalmology field, this has attracted a lot of attention and sales have been strong, with orders exceeding initial forecasts. The company has raised funds to support increased production.

Furthermore, on January 13, the company announced the approval of an additional indication for GBS-007: in addition to the existing indications of 'age-related macular degeneration with subcentral choroidal neovascularisation' and 'choroidal neovascularisation in pathological myopia', 'diabetic macular edema' was newly added. This is expected to broaden the drug treatment options for these diseases and reduce the economic burden on patients. The approval of the additional indications is due to the patent expiry for the existing drugs. Although this will only have a negligible impact on the company's performance, it is a positive step in enhancing corporate value by strengthening the BS business.

*Filgrastim (GBS-001): BS, which a partner has already launched. GBS-001 has also been subject to cost-cutting, which should improve profitability. Mochida Pharmaceutical has decided to discontinue sales of GBS-001, but Kidswell Bio has already reflected this in its forecasts.

New biologics business: Patent application for anti-RAMP2 antibody (GND-004)

*Anti-RAMP2 antibodies to address unmet needs in retinopathy of prematurity: The anti-RAMP2 antibody is a novel antibody created in collaboration with the research group of Professor Takayuki Shindo of Shinshu University School of Medicine and is being developed under the company development code GND-004. The patent application states that the anti-RAMP2 antibody binds to the RAMP2 (Receptor Activity-Modifying Protein 2)/CRLR (Calcitonin Receptor-Like Receptor) complex. This inhibits the promotion of pathological angiogenesis. As a result, it is expected to be clinically applicable for retinopathy of prematurity. Anti-VEGF drugs are already known as angiogenesis inhibitors, but the anti-RAMP2 antibody acts via a different pathway to anti-VEGF. The company intends to promote licensing activities for anti-RAMP2 antibodies while differentiating them from existing drugs.

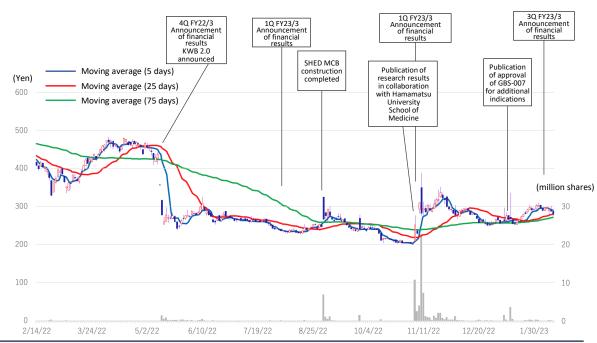
♦ Outlook for FY2023/3: Guidance is unchanged from initial estimates, but operating loss may narrow

The company has left its FY2023/3 forecasts of 2.9 billion yen in sales, 0.98 billion yen of operating loss and a net loss of 1.0 billion yen unchanged from the initial estimates. As of the end of 3Q, sales are approximately 60% of the full-year forecast. However, as sales of GBS-007 and other BS are expected to continue to be strong, the full-year sales plan is within the achievable target range of the company. On the other hand, the company has set a forecast of 1.4 billion yen for R&D expenses for the full year, but the actual amount as of 3Q was 580 million yen, a progress rate of 41%. The company has set 4Q as the period for booking major development costs. But as the remaining 800 million yen of R&D investment in 4Q alone is unrealistic, the full-year operating loss will likely be smaller than forecast.

\diamondsuit Share price trend: A rebound on good results and progress on SHED

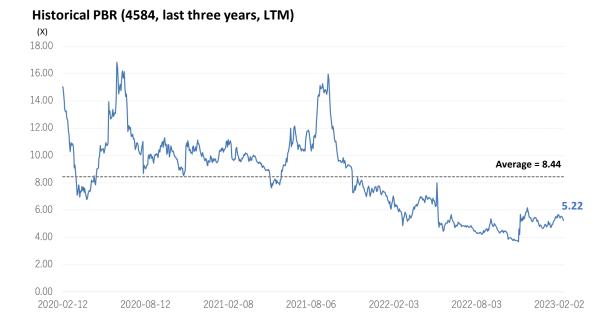
The company's share price fell sharply in May 2022 when it announced its FY2022/3 results due to the postponement of its return to profitability in FY2023. Subsequently, on November 7, 2022, the share price rebounded significantly following the publication of a paper on the results of research conducted in collaboration with Hamamatsu University School of Medicine. On the following day, November 8, the company announced an operating surplus in its 2Q results, which led to further growth and a volume record rarely seen in recent years. However, since then, the share price has remained at around 300 yen to below 300 yen and has not recovered to its previous level. As a result, the company's PBR remains below the three-year average (LTM) of 8.44x, staying at 5.22x (see chart on next page). In its new medium-term strategic plan (KWB 2.0), the company plans to achieve sales of 3 billion yen and an operating profit of 1 billion yen in FY2025 by securing solid earnings from the BS business. At the same time, the company has stated its intention to accelerate business development with an eye on the global market through continued investment in SHED. These plans are to move away from business development almost exclusively centered on the domestic market and to expand overseas in one stroke with SHED as a pillar, so the investment is expected to be enormous. The recent progress of the first-generation SHED into the clinical preparation stage, the patent grant for the anti-RAMP2 antibody and the addition of the indication for GBS-007 are examples of the company's steady progress in its medium-term strategic plan. It will be interesting to see whether the share price will be revalued, reflecting these positive developments.

Kidswell Bio (4584) Share price and events over the past year



Stock price transition (last 6 years)





Financial data

FY (¥mn)	2020/3				2021/3				2022/3				2023/3		
(+)	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q		2Q	3Q
[Statements of income]		~				-		-							
Net sales	284	30	419	345	121	53	547	276	303	438	642	186	610	505	610
Cost of sales	77	8	359	209	5	35	46	34	122	154	183	91	292	128	233
Gross profit	207	22	60	136	116	19	500	242	182	283	460	94	318	377	377
SG&A expenses	417	423	381	365	354	463	465	565	491	425	442	580	356	328	524
R&D expenses	235	249	201	213	138	265	198	363	297	236	237	380	105	147	327
Operating profit (loss)	-210	-401	-321	-229	-238	-445	36	-323	-309	-142	18	-486	-	49	-146
Non-operating income	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	1		2	0
Non-operating expenses	2	1	20	4	7	5	4	8	6	8	15	7		13	5
Ordinary profit (loss)	-212	-402	-340	-233	-244	-450	33	-330	-314	-150	4	-493	-80	39	-151
Extraordinary income	4 5,939	0	0	2 194	0	1	8	0			418	0	-	-	-
Extraordinary expenses Profit (loss) before income taxes	-6,147	-402	-340	-425	-244	-451	26	-331	-314	-148	421	-493	-80	39	-151
Total income taxes	-0,147	-402	-540	-425	-244	-431	20	-551	-514	-140	52	-495	-80	1	-131
Net profit (loss)	-6,147	-403	-342	-424	-245	-451	25	-330	-314	-149	369	-441	-80	38	-152
[Balance Sheets]	0.001														
Current assets Cash equivalents and short-term	2,761 1,654	2,390	3,238 2,482	3,322 2,033	3,573 2,658	3,218 2,502	3,329 1,830	3,346 1,461	2,794 874	3,203 974	3,722 1,253	3,326 1,187	4,079 1,532	4,035 1,874	3,948 1,499
securities										-					
Non-current assets	330	427	418	270	379	393	340	588	728	656	178	177	225	224	224
Tangible assets	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2		1	1
Investments and other assets	328	425	416	268	374	389	336	582	722	651	173	173	220	220	220
Total assets	3,091	2,817	3,656	3,592	3,952	3,611	3,670	3,934	3,522	3,859	3,901	3,503	4,304	4,259	4,173
Current liabilities	421	550	529	881	772	858	925	1,114	823	1,034	1,045	1,129	1,175	651	780
Short-term borrowings Long-term debts to be repaid within one year	25	25	25	25	25							75	250	300	400
Non-current liabilities	25	24	1,224	1,224	1,384	1,287	1,231	1,209	1,051	826	718	656	1,485	1,908	1,704
Long-term debt			1,200	, 1,200	1,340	1,240	1,200	1,100	900	700	700	625	1,450	1,875	2,275
Long-term borrowing			600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	525	1,350	1,275	1,175
Convertible bonds			600	600	740	640	600	500	300	100	100	100	100		
Total liabilities	446	573	1,752	2,105	2,156	2,145	2,156	2,324	1,873	1,860	1,763	1,785	2,661	2,560	2,485
Total net assets	2,644	2,244	1,904	1,487	1,796	1,466	1,514	1,610	1,648	1,999	2,138	1,719	1,643	1,699	1,688
Total shareholders' equity	2,644	2,244	1,904	1,487	1,796	1,466	1,514	1,610	1,648	1,999	2,138	1,719	1,444	1,500	1,490
Capital	612	612	612	612	842	892	912	1,032	1,150	1,420	1,420	1,421	1,424	1,433	1,504
Legal capital reserve	9,917	9,917	9,917	9,917	10,147	10,197	10,217	10,338	10,456	10,725	10,726	10,727	10,730	10,739	10,810
Retained earnings	-7,908	-8,311	-8,653	-9,077	-9,322	-9,773	-9,748	-10,079	-10,393	-10,542	,		,	-10,672	,
Stock acquisition right	38	43	51	57	70	82	101	116	134	145	165	185	199	199	197
Total liabilities and net assets	3,091	2,817	3,656	3,592	3,952	3,611	3,670	3,934	3,522	3,859	3,901	3,503	4,304	4,259	4,173
[Statements of cash flows]															
Cash flow from operating activities		-604		-1,325		-104		-1,267		-857		-1,169		-709	
Loss before income taxes		-6,548		-7,314		-695		-999		-462		-533		-42	
Cash flow from investing activities		-106		-137		-5		-22		-		526		-23	
Expenditure on acquisition of intangiblefixed assets		-		_		-3		-3		-		-1		-	
Purchase of investment securities		-100		-100		-		-		-		-		-50	
Sales of investment securities		-		-		-		-		-		526		-	
Cash flow from financing activities		40		1,221		579		718		370		369		1,446	
Income from the issuance of convertible bond-type bonds with stock acquisition rights														970	
Income from issuance of shares by exercising stock acquisition rights		-		599		599		599		-		_		499	
Income from issuance of stock acquisition rights		40		40		-		138		370		369		-	
Proceeds from issuance of new shares		-		3		4		4		-		-		-	
Net increase in cash and cash equiv.		-670		-240		468		-571		-486		-273		713	
Cash and cash equiv. at beginning of period		2,009		2,009		2,032		2,032		1,461		1,462		1,160	
Cash and cash equiv. at end of period		1,602		2,032		2,501		1,461		974		1,187		1,874	

Note: Consolidated basis until FY2022/3; non-consolidated basis from 1Q FY2023/3. For the statement of cash flows, the figures for 2Q are the cumulative figures for the period from 1Q to 2Q, and the figures for 4Q are the cumulative figures for the period from 1Q to 4Q. Therefore, the opening balance is also the balance at the beginning of each quarter.

Source: Omega Investment from company materials



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